# LICEO SCIENZE UMANE E SCIENZE UMANE ECONOMICO SOCIALE A.S.2023/24

### WORD ORDER

#### 1 Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 I need the calculator. Can you give to me it me it to it to me?
- 2 *I* We Us are talking to our parents.
- **3** We showed our holiday photos *to them them for them.*
- **4** The company sent *to us for us us* a catalogue.
- 5 She is washing her hands hands the hands at the moment.
- 6 They he- she enjoyed themselves at the beach.

7 The shop assistant helped the customers. <i>It - he - they</i> were very happy. 8 You play tennis but you don't play <i>it - her - they</i> very well.	
2 Scrivi frasi di senso compiuto mettendo gli elementi nell'ordine corretto. 1 delivers/The postman/at about 8 o'clock/the mail	
2 told/her phone number/Daniela/me	
3 for/yesterday/a present/I/ bought/you	••
4 lunch/eats/every day/in her office/Elena	••
5 to some music/in my bedroom/am listening/at the moment/I	••
6 in a secondary school/My aunt/history/teaches	••
7 always/a postcard/send/Our friends/us	••
8 know/that girl/I/don't	••
9 Portuguese/speaks/Brian/really well	••
10 them/but/I/talk/like/we/never	••
3 Riscrivi le frasi inserendo le espressioni tra parentesi nella posizi corretta. Ex.: I found this website last week. (on the internet)  I found this website on the internet last week.  1 Carol sent an email. (us)	one
2 The agency booked a hotel room. (for Mrs Graham)	
3 I know your uncle. (very well)	
4 He's listening music. (to)	
5 We go to see my brother in hospital. (every evening)	
6 The crowd waited impatiently for hours. (outside the stadium)	
7 Why are you looking this photograph? (at)	
8 I parked the car in front of the shop. (carefully)	
9 We saw an interesting film last night. (on television)	

.....

#### **QUANTIFIERS / ARTICOLI**

#### 1 Sottolinea le parole corrette per completare le frasi.

#### Ex.: There is/are a/some people in the next room.

- 1. There is/are a/some chairs in the kitchen.
- 2. There *is/are a/some* cheese in the fridge.
- 3. There *is/are a/some* sofa in the living room.
- 4. There *is/are a/some* cupboards in the bedroom.
- 5. There *is/are a/some* furniture in the garage.
- 6. There *is/are a/some* luggage in the hall.
- 7. There *is/are a/some* shower in the bathroom.
- 8. There *is/are a/some* wine in the bottle.

2	Agginnge	l'articolo	giusto (a	an o the) ove	necessario! Non	tutte le fras	i devono esser	e cambiate
┙.	Agglungt	i ai ucuiu	giusio (a.	an o meiove	HCCCSSALIU: INUH	tutte ie ii as	i ucyono cssci	c campianc.

1	modern life	e is stressful.					
2. What's	cap	ital of your cour	ntry?				
3	doctor earn	s more than	tea	acher.			
4. Do you kno	ow who invented	·	_computer?				
5. Do you kno	ow where	newsj	paper is? I can't	find it anywhere			
	first						
7. Is	Nile or _	·	Amazon	longest	river on		earth?
8. Several mil	llion visitors	yea	r are attracted to	o	_ ski slopes of	•	Alps.
9. Let's meet	outside	post offi	ce in	quarter of		hour.	
				life was mo	re difficult in		past.
11. In my opi	nion	education s	hould be free.				
	education						
13. In some c	ities,	cars have b	een banned from	m the centre.			
14. I went to		Buckingham Pal	ace today. It wa	as great.			
15. I took	tra	n to London and	l then	undergrou	ınd to	Vic	toria Station. It's
	short walk fro	om there.					
16. Do you w	ant to come with	us to see	Titan	nic at the cinema t	omorrow?		
	exp						
	oed past at 100 m						
					world.		
	Middle E						
	in						~
				ower of London a		Tate (	fallery.
				refi			
24. She lives	in	England, whi	ch is part of	UK			
25. After his v	wite's death he lo	ett	home and jo	oined	army.		
26. They visit	ed grandmother	ın	hospital.	T 19		0.1	TT 1: 10: .
				I like most is		history of th	e United States.
28. The Brow	ns often watch _	t	elevision in the	evening.			
29. Munich li	es in	south of G	ermany.				

#### 3 Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta.

- 1. Would you like some any much coffee?
- 2. There are any some too many good films at the cinema this month.
- 3. I can't concentrate. It's too *much enough too* noisy in this room.
- 4. Have we got any some a lot lessons on Saturday?
- 5. **A:** Are there any eggs? **B:** No, there are any some none.
- 6. Why don't we make any many some sandwiches for lunch?
- 7. You didn't ask me some any too much questions.
- 8. Did you send enough any a lot postcards to your relatives?
- 9. Brendan spends much a lot of too many time on the computer.
- 10. Have we got *too many much enough* eggs to make an omelette?

## 4 Completa le frasi usando le parole nel riquadro.

a lot any enough many much some (x 2) too too many too much

1. Can you give me money, please?
2. Daniela is a vegetarian. She doesn't eat meat.
3. Frank does of homework. He studies for hours every evening.
4. The traffic in the city centre is terrible. There are
5. How students are there in the class?
6. If you drink beer, you'll be sick.
7. These Maths problems are impossible! They're difficult.
8. You can find plates in the kitchen cupboard.
9. We can't carry the sofa in here. The door isn't wide
10. How time have we got?
5 Riscrivi le frasi senza cambiare il significato, usando le parole tra parentesi.
Ex.: There aren't any buses today.
(no) There are no buses today.
1. I haven't got any money.
a. (no)
2. There's no sugar in my coffee.
(any)
3. We didn't buy a lot of food.
a. (much)
4. Do you read a lot of books?
a. (many)
5. They haven't got much time.
a. (a lot of)
6. The shelf isn't low enough.
a. (high)
This jacket is too small for me.
a. (big)
8. My dress isn't short enough.
a. (long)
NOUNS
Completare la tabella con il plurale dei sostantivi dati.

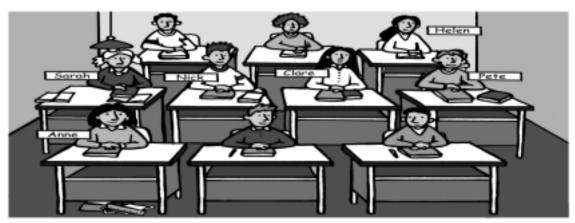
CHILD	HALF	FOX	
MAN	РОТАТО	CHIEF	
WOMAN	ТОМАТО	CHEF	
WIFE	DEER	LILY	
тоотн	FLASH	DONKEY	
MOUSE	CHURCH	DIARY	
KNIFE	BOX	SHEEP	
POTATO	HALF	TROLLEY	
SHEEP	ox	SON-IN-LAW	
BRUSH	PASSER-BY	THIEF	

## QUESTIONS

1 Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta.	
1 A: How $far - long - much$ is it to the park? B: Only about 19	00 metres.
<b>2</b> How much $is - costs - are$ a kilo of potatoes?	
3 How $time - far - long$ does it take to get there?	
4 I wonder how old <i>is she – she is – she be</i> .	
5 My brother is over six feet <i>high - tall - big</i> .	
6 How many – more – much spaghetti do you want?	
7 What - what language - which language do you speak?	
<b>8</b> What – Which – How colour do you prefer, green or blue?	
9 What <i>did happen – happened – happening</i> last night? 10 <i>Why – What – Which</i> did you buy that knife?	
10 my = mai = mach did you ouy that kille:	
2 Completa i dialoghi usando le parole interrogat	
<b>Jason:</b> Excuse me(1) is it to the coach station	?
Man: It's only about a kilometre.	
Jason: (2) 's the ticket office, please?	
Woman: It's over there, next to the café.	
Jason:	
Assistant: Four times a day.  Jason:(4) time does the next coach leave?	
Assistant: In ten minutes, at half past eight.	
Jason:	
Assistant: About an hour.	
Jason:(6) do the tickets cost?	
Assistant: A return ticket costs ten pounds. But there's a disco	unt for people under eighteen (7) are
you?	
Jason: I'm seventeen.	
Assistant: OK. And	ust one?
Jason: Yes, please. Just one.	
3 Scrivi domande riferite alle parole sottolineate.	
Ex.: Cathy is wearing a black coat. Who is wearing a black coat.	<u>at?</u>
The boy found a euro in the street. What did the boy find in the	street?
1 Paddy ate all the chocolate.	6 The car crash happened in front of the house.
2 Silvia went to bed <u>because she was tired</u> .	7 They travel to work by car.
3 The wardrobe is <u>two metres</u> wide.	8 It's Mark's motorbike.
4 Harriet lives <u>in Yorkshire</u> .	9 The history teacher was very angry.
5 The children go on holiday in August.	10 Steve goes to the cinema <u>about twice a month</u> .

#### 1 Osserva la figura e completa le frasi usando le preposizioni nel riquadro.

#### above behind in between in front of next to on over under



1.	Nick is Sarah and Clare.	6.	Anne's school bag is her desk.
2.	Pete isClare.		The light is the desks.
3.	Helen is Pete.	8.	The light is Anne's desk.
4.	The books are the desks.	9.	Anne's ruler is her school bag
5.	Anne is Sarah.		•

#### 2 Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta.

- 1. Look at that car! It didn't stop on at to the traffic lights.
- 2. Mr West is going in into to the United States on a business trip next week.
- 3. The boys jumped *out of - off - onto* the diving board into the swimming pool.
- 4. We can put that painting above onto on our bed.
- 5. Our house is next to at between a pub. It's very noisy in the evening.
- 6. She put the money on onto into her handbag.
- 7. They live in a beautiful flat in at to Westminster Road.
- 8. Press the button. We need to get out of -off down the bus at the next stop.
- 9. The old man took his wallet under into out of his pocket.
- 10. When we arrived at the airport I got  $off out \ of into$  the taxi and paid the driver.
- 11. Why do the neighbours always park their car in front of -on at our house? It's very annoying.

## 3 Queste frasi contengono degli errori. Sottolinea le parole sbagliate e scrivi le correzioni.

1 The traffic policeman stopped and got out of his motorbike. 2 I put the dictionary back above the bookshelf. 3 Do you ever go in Spain for your summer holiday? ..... 4 Jason got on the car and drove away. 5 Susan fell down her bike and hurt her knee. **6** The head office of the company is at Milan. 7 Lake Eyrie is under the mountains. **8 A:** What's your address? **B:** I live in 64 Hamilton Road. **9 A:** Where's Linda? **B:** She's in school this morning.

4 Completa le frasi con la preposizione corretta.
1 European countries import a lot of toys China.
2 I live my school. I can walk there in five minutes.
3 The bridge over the river is very high. Ships can sail it.
4 I think you should stick that poster your kitchen wall.
<b>5</b> The cat jumped from the floor the table.
6 Passengers should have their boarding cards ready before they get the plane.

7 The bus stop is	the entrance to the station.	You just	have to cr	oss the roa	d.
8 There's somebody standing	our front door				

s somebody standing ...... our front door.

**9** The cowboys got ..... their horses and went into the saloon.

10 You can see a cloud of smog ..... the city.

11 The technician climbed ..... the roof of the house to install the aerial.

#### 5 Scrivi le espressioni di tempo nella colonna appropriata.

17th March - 3.30 p.m. - Christmas Day - February - lunchtime - midday - my birthday - Saturday afternoon spring - the 19<sup>th</sup> century - the morning - the weekend - night

AT	IN	ON

#### 6 Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta.

- **1** I just want to go home and relax at on in the evening.
- **2** Let's talk about it on in at breakfast.
- 3 Shops are open at from on 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
- **4** The World Cup final is at in next Sunday.
- **5** I'll phone you on in at Saturday morning.
- **6** There's a big parade through the city at on in July  $4^{th}$ .
- 7 They didn't have newspapers on in at the Middle Ages.
- **8** We're having a meeting at from on 9.30 tomorrow morning.
- **9** What do we want to do from at in New Year's? What about a party?
- **10** World War II started in on from 1939.

#### 7 Completa le frasi con la preposizione corretta.

- 1. Are you going to the disco ...... Friday evening?
- 2. Elizabeth I was the queen of England ..................... 1558 to 1603.
- 3. I like listening to the concert from Vienna ...... New Year's Day.
- 4. Is Wendy's birthday ...... March?
- 5. It's dangerous to go out alone ..... night.
- 6. The USA became an independent nation ..... the eighteenth century.
- 7. Jack and his friends are going to the seaside ...... the weekend.
- 8. Sally sometimes goes skiing ..... winter.
- 9. The firework display starts ..... midnight.
- 10. We sometimes go out to eat ...... Sundays.

#### COMPARATIVES AND SUPERLATIVES

#### 1 Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta.

- 1. April is often wetter of than this March.
- 2. As far much soon as I know, the shops are open until 8 o'clock.
- 3. Diana is quite short. I'm taller than her she him.
- 4. These jeans aren't more so very expensive as those trousers.
- 5. Garda is the biggest lake of for in Italy.
- 6. I'll wash the dishes as much long far as you help me.
- 7. It's easier easyer more easy to ride a bicycle than a motorbike.
- 8. Kevin isn't as friendly than to as his brother.
- 9. That motorway is the more very most dangerous road in the country.
- 1. You could drop those plates. You need to be *most careful carefuller more careful*.

1. Today is 2. The film was 3. The history e 4. Rovers are 5. Pauline is 6. Mum's suitc 7. Richard is 8. February is	rasi usando la forma comparativa o superlativa degli aggettivi tra parentesi.  than yesterday. It's day we've had this year. (hot) than the book. It was film I've ever seen. (boring)  xam was of all. It was than the geography exam. (difficult) than United. They're team in the league. (bad) person in her family. She's than all the others. (heavy) ase is definitely It's than anybody else in our school. (intelligent) than April. It's month of the year. (short)  si inserendo la parola mancante. Sceglila tra quelle nel riquadro.
	as $(x \ 2)$ better farther in more most so $(x \ 2)$ than the
1. Cathy wasn'	active as her sister.  da isn't so attractive as her sister. t very well yesterday but she feels today.
2. Norman spea	aks French as well Italian.
	ost valuable object the museum.
	s more popular in Canada in Italy.
5. It was most f	rightening experience of my life.
6. The airport i	s from the city centre than the train station.
7. It's difficult	to drive a lorry than a car.
8. The living ro	nom is wide as the kitchen.
9. The Taj Mah	al is one of the beautiful buildings in the world.
10. It isn't cold	this afternoon as it was this morning.
Ex.: Buses arei Trains ar 1. The Par The Colose 2. There is New York 3. Everest There is no 4. Wine is Beer isn't. 5. The Nild There is no 6. Spanish Arabic is 7. There is The whale	mancanti delle frasi, senza cambiare il significato.  a't as fast as trains.  efaster than buses thenon is older than the Colosseum. seum isn't no city in the USA bigger than New York. is is the highest mountain in the world. o mountain in the world. more expensive than beer.  e is the longest river in Africa. o river in Africa. isn't as difficult as Arabic.  no animal in the world larger than the whale. is s aren't as cheap as apples.

Apples are....

4

### PRESENT TENSES

#### 1 Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta.

- 1. It's February and the days *get are getting* longer. Spring *comes is coming*.
- 2. Listen to this joke. A woman goes is going into a shop and the shopkeeper...
- 3. Britain is in recession. House prices *fall are falling* and unemployment *increases is increasing*.
- 4. Hurry up! The bus *leaves is leaving* at six.
- 5. We *catch* 're catching the high-speed train to Rome. The tickets were quite expensive.
- 6. I do 'm doing a course in food technology. I finish next year.

Completa le frasi con i verbi tra parentesi. Usa il present simple o il present continuous.  A: What
A: What
B: We usually just
2. Dave
3. Local woman
4. Why
S. A: You
B: I am tired! My car's at the mechanic's so I
6. No sugar in my tea, thanks. I
7. A: When
B: Next week.  3. Completa i minidialoghi con i verbi tra parentesi. Usa il present simple o il present continuous.  A: What's the problem? You
3. Completa i minidialoghi con i verbi tra parentesi. Usa il present simple o il present continuous.  A: What's the problem? You
A: What's the problem? You
A: What's the problem? You
B: I
it somewhere safe but I
A: You're terrible! You
A: When
B: I
together.  A: Can you drive, please? I
A: Can you drive, please? I
PAST SIMPLE  1 Il giorno della sua misteriosa scomparsa il signor Grey ha agito in modo strano. Completa il dialogo tra l'ispettore Bell e la segretaria del signor Grey. Usa le parole tra parentesi e il past simple.  Secretary: Mr Grey
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simple. Secretary: Mr Grey (be) (1) very strange that day. He normally phones his wife every morning but he
Secretary: Mr Grey (be) (1) very strange that day. He normally phones his wife every morning but he
(not phone) (2) her that morning. He(phone) (3) a lawyer.
Inspector: How do you know that?
Secretary: He (ask) (4) me for the telephone number.
Inspector: (Mr Grey/see) (5) the lawyer?
Secretary: Yes, (6). The lawyer (come) (7) to see Mr Grey at eleven. They
(speak) (8) for about half an hour.
Inspector: [you/overhear (= ascoltare)] (9) their conversation?
Secretary: No,(10).
Inspector: (What/Mr Grey/do) (11) then?
Secretary: He (leave) (12) the office at midday. He (seem) (13) to be in a hurry.
2 Completa il testo con i verbi tra parentesi. Usa il past simple.
The Italian scientist Laura Maria Caterina Bassi(be) (1) the first woman to officially teach at a European
university.
She
go) (4) to school. She
including maths and physics. Her interest in scientific subjects

hard and ......(become) (9) a teacher of Philosophy at the University of Bologna when she was twenty-one years

old. She (be) (10) also Professor of Physics at the same university. She (marry) (11) a colleague
whose name was Giuseppe Veratti. They (have) (12) eight children. She was very interested in physics and she
(publish) (14) twenty-eight papers about physics and hydraulics. She
In 1776, when she was 65, she (become) (16) the Head of Experimental Physics at the Institute of
Sciences. She (die) (17) two years later.
Her career in physics
women to study and work in the scientific field.
Nomen to stary and work in the becomes a star.
3 Ora usa i suggerimenti per scrivere le domande.
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
Wheth'stie/die?
MODALC
MODALS
1 Completa le frasi con must - mustn't - can - can't
1. Caroline's very musical: she sing and play the piano.
2. You leave the computer on: switch it off when you leave.
3. I speak French, but I speak German.
5. I speak French, but I speak German.
4. Footballers use their hands. Time to go! I be at home by eleven.
5. We copy in exams. It's against the rules.
6. You read the instructions carefully.
7you buy some milk when you go out?
8. Drivers stop at red lights.
9. Students bring food or drinks into the computer lab.
orms room or writing into the company into
2 Completa le frasi usando la forma corretta dei verbi tra parentesi.
1 Brian, I've told you before. You
2
, 11
3 How many questions we
4 Terry (have to/read) all of this book before the next lesson.
5 Just walk in. You (not/have to/press) the doorbell.
6 Carrie (have to/study) Latin in the last school she went to.
7 There's a new pizzeria around the corner. We (must/try) it one evening.
8 Lucy (not/have to/go) to her office last week. She was on holiday.
(hovinave to/go) to her office last week. She was on horizary.
2 Completa i minidialoghi con la forma corretta di must o di have to.
A: Do you like your new job?
<b>B:</b> It's OK but I(1) start at 7.30 every morning.
A: Dad, can I go to the disco on Friday evening?
<b>B:</b> All right. But you(2) be back here before midnight.
A: What time did you get back last night?
<b>B:</b> Late! I missed the last bus and I(3) walk home.
A: Can I put the queen here?
<b>B:</b> No, the rules of the game say you
A: Are there any good films on at the moment?
<b>B:</b> You really
(the next day)
<b>B:</b> What did you think of <i>Vendetta</i> ?
A: Well, I'm sorry to
,,